

**January 1 – December 31, 2024**

## **Evidence of Coverage:**

### **Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Medica Prime Solution® Focus (Cost) or Medica Prime Solution® Total (Cost)**

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2024.

**For questions about this document, please contact Member Services at 1 (800) 234-8755 (toll-free). (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday. This call is free.**

**This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

These plans, Medica Prime Solution Focus and Medica Prime Solution Total, are offered by Medica Insurance Company. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means Medica Insurance Company. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Medica Prime Solution Focus and Medica Prime Solution Total.)

This information is available in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats. Please call Member Services if you need plan information in another format.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.

The provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

MULTI-LANGUAGE INSERT

## Multi-Language Interpreter Services

**English:** We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at **1 (866) 745-9919**. Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

**Spanish:** Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al **1 (866) 745-9919**. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

**Chinese Mandarin:** 我們提供免費的翻譯服務，幫助您解答關於健康或藥物保險的任何疑問。如果您需要此翻譯服務，請致電 **1 (866) 745-9919**。我們的中文工作人員很樂意幫助您。這是一項免費服務。

**Chinese Cantonese:** 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問，為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務，請致電 **1 (866) 745-9919**。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

**Tagalog:** Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa **1 (866) 745-9919**. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

**French:** Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au **1 (866) 745-9919**. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

**Vietnamese:** Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quý vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi **1 (866) 745-9919** sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quý vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

**German:** Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter **1 (866) 745-9919**. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

**Korean:** 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 **1 (866) 745-9919** 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

**Russian:** Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону **1 (866) 745-9919**. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

**Arabic:** إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة على أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على **1 (866) 745-9919**. سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية.

**Hindi:** हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें **1 (866) 745-9919** पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

**Italian:** È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero **1 (866) 745-9919**. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

**Portuguese:** Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número **1 (866) 745-9919**. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

**French Creole:** Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan **1 (866) 745-9919**. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

**Polish:** Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer **1 (866) 745-9919**. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

**Japanese:** 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通訳サービスがあります。通訳をご用命になるには、**1 (866) 745-9919** にお電話ください。日本語を話す人者が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

### **Discrimination is Against the Law**

Medica complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and will not discriminate against any person based on his or her race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, gender, gender identity, health status including mental and physical medical conditions, marital status, familial status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, sexual orientation, age, political beliefs, membership or activity in a local commission, or any other classification protected by law. Medica:

- Provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as: TTY communication and written information in other formats such as large print, audio, and braille.
- Provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as: qualified interpreters and information written in other languages.

If you need these services, contact the number on the back of your identification card. If you believe that Medica has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of your race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, gender, gender identity, health status including mental and physical medical conditions, marital status, familial status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, sexual orientation, age, political beliefs, membership or activity in a local commission, or any other classification protected by law, you can file a grievance with: Civil Rights Coordinator, Mail Route CP250, PO Box 9310, Minneapolis, MN 55443-9310, 952-992-3422, TTY: 711, [civilrightscoordinator@medica.com](mailto:civilrightscoordinator@medica.com).

You can file a grievance in person or by mail, fax, or email. You may also contact the Civil Rights Coordinator if you need assistance with filing a complaint. You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at <https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf> or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, D.C. 20201 800-368-1019, TTY: 800-537-7697. Complaint forms are available at <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>.

## **2024 Evidence of Coverage**

### **Table of Contents**

<b>CHAPTER 1: <i>Getting started as a member</i></b>	<b>4</b>
SECTION 1 Introduction	5
SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?	6
SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive	7
SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for our plan	8
SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium	9
SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date	10
SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan	11
<b>CHAPTER 2: <i>Important phone numbers and resources</i></b>	<b>13</b>
SECTION 1 Our plan contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)	14
SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)	16
SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)	17
SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization	18
SECTION 5 Social Security	19
SECTION 6 Medicaid	20
SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board	21
SECTION 8 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?	21
<b>CHAPTER 3: <i>Using the plan for your medical services</i></b>	<b>22</b>
SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan	23
SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care	24
SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster	25
SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?	27
SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?	27
SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution	29
SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment	30

<b>CHAPTER 4: <i>Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)</i></b>	<b>32</b>
SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services	33
SECTION 2 Use the <i>Medical Benefits Chart</i> to find out what is covered and how much you will pay	34
SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?	84
<b>CHAPTER 5: <i>Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services</i></b>	<b>88</b>
SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services	89
SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received	91
SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no	91
<b>CHAPTER 6: <i>Your rights and responsibilities</i></b>	<b>93</b>
SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan	94
SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan	99
<b>CHAPTER 7: <i>What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)</i></b>	<b>100</b>
SECTION 1 Introduction	101
SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance	101
SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?	102
SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals	103
SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision	105
SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon	113
SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon	119
SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond	125
SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns	126
<b>CHAPTER 8: <i>Ending your membership in the plan</i></b>	<b>130</b>
SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan	131
SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?	131
SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?	131
SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services through our plan	132
SECTION 5 Our plan must end your membership in the plan in certain situations	133

<b>CHAPTER 9: <i>Legal notices</i></b>	<b>135</b>
SECTION 1 Notice about governing law	136
SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination	136
SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights	136
SECTION 4 Notice about our Rights of Recovery	136
<b>CHAPTER 10: <i>Definitions of important words</i></b>	<b>138</b>

# CHAPTER 1:

*Getting started as a member*



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## **SECTION 1 Introduction**

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### **Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Medica Prime Solution Focus or Medica Prime Solution Total, which is a Medicare Cost Plan**

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You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care coverage through our plan, Medica Prime Solution Focus or Medica Prime Solution Total. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in these plans differ from Original Medicare.

Medica Prime Solution Focus and Medica Prime Solution Total are Medicare Cost Plans. These plans do not include Part D prescription drug coverage. Like all Medicare health plans, these Medicare Cost Plans are approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

**Coverage under these Plans qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC)** and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: [www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families](https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families) for more information.

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### **Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?**

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This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services available to you as a member of our plan.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned or just have a question, please contact Member Services.

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### **Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage***

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This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how our plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in our plan between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of our plan after December 31, 2024. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

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## **SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?**

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### **Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements**

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*You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:*

- You have Medicare Part B (or you have both Part A and Part B)
- *and* -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- *and* -- you do *not* have End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer.

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### **Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for our plan**

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Our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in **Wisconsin**: Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Iron, Jackson, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Rusk, Sawyer, St. Croix, and Washburn.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan. Please contact Member Services to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

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### **Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence**

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A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify our plan if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Our plan must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

## SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

### Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

We will send you a plan membership card. You should use this card whenever you get covered services from a Medica Prime Solution Focus or Medica Prime Solution Total network provider. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

		<b>Visit Medica at <a href="http://www.medica.com">www.medica.com</a></b>		<b>Card Issued:</b> mm/dd/yy
<b>Payer ID:</b> 99999 <b>ID:</b> 999999901 <b>Group:</b> 99999	<b>Card Issuer:</b> 99999		<b>Customer Service:</b> 999-999-9999 or 999-999-9999 <b>TTY:</b> 711 <b>Pharmacists:</b> 999-999-9999 <b>Medical Providers:</b> 999-999-9999 or <a href="http://www.medica.com">www.medica.com</a> <b>Health Advocate Nurseline:</b> 999-999-9999 TTY: 711	
<b>Name:</b> <b>JOHN Q SUBSCRIBER</b> <b>Care Type:</b> [Plan Name] [Plan Type] <b>SVC Type:</b> Medical	<b>Rx BIN:</b> 999999 <b>Rx PCN:</b> XXXXXX <b>Rx Group:</b> RX9999			
<b>In case of EMERGENCY go to the nearest Emergency Room or call 911.</b>		<b>Medical Claims:</b> Medica, PO Box 99999, City, ST 99999-9999 <b>Rx Claims:</b> ESI, PO Box 99999, City, ST 99999-9999		
<b>CMS:</b> Hxxxx-xxx				

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card.

Because our plan is a Medicare Cost Plan, you should also **keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card with you**. As a Cost Plan member, if you receive Medicare-covered services (except for emergency or urgent care) from an out-of-network provider or when you are outside of our service area, these services will be paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan. In these cases, you will be responsible for Original Medicare deductibles and coinsurance. (If you receive emergency or urgent care from an out-of-network provider or when you are outside of our service area, our plan will pay for these services.) It is important that you keep your red, white, and blue Medicare card with you for when you receive services paid for under Original Medicare.

### Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which our plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at [Medica.com/GetMyDocs](https://www.medicare.com/GetMyDocs).

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Member Services. Requests for hard copy Provider Directories will be mailed to you within three business days.

“Network” means the participating providers described in the *Provider Directory*.

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## **SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for our plan**

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Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium (Section 4.3)

Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2024* handbook, the section called *2024 Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

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### **Section 4.1 Plan premium**

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As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. The table below shows the monthly plan premium amount for each plan we are offering in the service area.

<b>Plan</b>	<b>Premium</b>
<b>Medica Prime Solution Focus</b>	\$99
<b>Medica Prime Solution Total</b>	\$215.00

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### **Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium**

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#### **Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, **you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.** This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

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## **Section 4.3 Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium**

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If you signed up for extra benefits, also called “optional supplemental benefits,” then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for details.

- If you are a Medica Prime Solution Total member who signed up for the Wisconsin Rider, your additional premium is \$39.00 each month.

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## **SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium**

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### **Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium**

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There are 3 ways you can pay your plan premium.

#### **Option 1: Paying by check**

You may decide to pay your monthly plan premium directly to our plan. You will be sent a monthly billing statement which you use to pay your premium. The preferred way to send your payment is to use the pre-addressed return envelope to mail your payment made out to Medica. Your premium is due the seventh day of every month so make sure you mail it well in advance.

#### **Option 2: Paying by automatic withdrawal**

You can have your monthly plan premium automatically withdrawn from your checking or savings bank account. Contact Member Services to obtain the necessary paperwork to set up this option. Once this information is processed by Medica, you will receive written notification of the effective date of your automatic Medica premium deductions. Premium deductions will occur on the fifth working day of every month.

#### **Option 3: Having your plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check**

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Member Services for more information on how to pay your plan premium this way.

**Changing the way you pay your plan premium.** If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, contact Member Services.

#### **What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium**

Your plan premium is due in our office by the seventh day of every month. If we have not received your payment by the seventh day of every month, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your premium within the following two

months. If you are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

If you are having trouble paying your plan premium on time, please contact Member Services to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your plan premiums you will have health coverage under Original Medicare. In addition, you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual enrollment period. (If you go without creditable drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the amount you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 7 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 7, Section 9 of this document tells how to make a complaint, or you can call us at 1 (800) 234-8755 between Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

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## **Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?**

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**No.** We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

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## **SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date**

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Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

### **Let us know about these changes:**

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)



- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study (**Note:** You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies, you intend to participate in, but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

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## **SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan**

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### **Other insurance**

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, and only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.

- If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.



# CHAPTER 2:

*Important phone numbers  
and resources*

## **SECTION 1 Our plan contacts** (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services)

### **How to contact our plan's Member Services**

For assistance with claims, billing or member card questions, please call or write to Medica Prime Solution Focus and Medica Prime Solution Total Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Member Services – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1 (800) 234-8755 Calls to this number are free. We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
<b>TTY</b>	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday.
<b>FAX</b>	(952) 992-3660
<b>WRITE</b>	Medica Member Services Route CP520 PO Box 9310 Minneapolis, MN 55440 <a href="https://www.medicaplan.com/Forms">Medica.com/Forms</a>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.medicaplan.com/Members">Medica.com/Members</a>

### **How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal, or making a complaint about your medical care**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on asking for

coverage decisions or appeals, or on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Coverage Decisions and Appeals, or Complaints for Medical Care – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1 (800) 234-8755</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday.</p> <p>For expedited requests, call 1 (800) 234-8755. If you call during off hours, your voice message will be returned the next business day.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>711</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free. We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday.</p>
<b>FAX</b>	(952) 992-3660
<b>WRITE</b>	<p>Medica Member Services  Route CP520  PO Box 9310  Minneapolis, MN 55440  <a href="mailto:AskGovtPrograms@Medica.com">AskGovtPrograms@Medica.com</a></p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.medicare.gov/Members">Medica.com/Members</a>
<b>MEDICARE WEBSITE</b>	<p>You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>.</p>

### **Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received**

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. See Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
<b>WRITE</b>	<b>Part C (Medical) Claims:</b> Medica Government Programs PO Box 30990 Salt Lake City, UT 84130

## SECTION 2 Medicare

(how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage and Medicare Cost Plan organizations including us.

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a> This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state. The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Medicare Eligibility Tool:</b> Provides Medicare eligibility status</li> </ul>

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
	<p>information</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Medicare Plan Finder:</b> Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.</li> </ul> <p>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about our plan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Tell Medicare about your complaint:</b> You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.</li> </ul> <p>If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)</p>

### **SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program** (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Wisconsin, the SHIP is called Wisconsin State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP).

A SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

**METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:**

- Visit <https://www.shiphelp.org> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your **STATE** from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Wisconsin State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1 (800) 242-1060 (toll-free)
<b>TTY</b>	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	Wisconsin Board on Aging & Long Term Care 1402 Pankratz Street Suite 111 Madison, WI 53704
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm">www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm</a>

## **SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization**

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Wisconsin, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program.

The QIO has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The QIO is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact the QIO in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon

Method	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO Program (Wisconsin's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1 (888) 524-9900 (toll-free) Available 9 a.m. – 5 p.m., Monday – Friday.
<b>TTY</b>	1 (888) 985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO 10820 Guilford Road Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.livantaqio.com/en/states/wisconsin">www.livantaqio.com/en/states/wisconsin</a>

## SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
<b>TTY</b>	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.

Method	Social Security – Contact Information
WEBSITE	<a href="http://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>

## SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These *Medicare Savings Programs* include:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact the Wisconsin Medicaid Program.

Method	Wisconsin’s Medicaid program – Contact Information
CALL	1 (800) 362-3002 (toll-free) (608) 266-1865 (local) Available 8 a.m. – 6 p.m., Monday – Friday
TTY	1 (800) 947-3529 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Wisconsin Department of Health Services 1 West Wilson Street Madison, WI 53703
WEBSITE	<a href="http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/apply.htm">www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/apply.htm</a>



## SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1-877-772-5772</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>If you press “0”, you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday.</p> <p>If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>1-312-751-4701</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.</p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://rrb.gov/">rrb.gov/</a>

## SECTION 8 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner’s) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner’s) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

# CHAPTER 3:

*Using the plan for your medical  
services*

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## **SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan**

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This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

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### **Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?**

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- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan.
- **Covered services** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

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### **Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan**

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As a Medicare health plan, our plan must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Our plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You generally must receive your care from a network provider** for our plan to cover the services.
  - If we do not cover services you receive from an out-of-network provider, the services will be covered by Original Medicare if they are Medicare-covered services. Except for emergency or urgently needed services, if you get services covered by Original Medicare from an out-of-network provider then you must pay Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts. For information on Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts,

call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- You should get supplemental benefits from a network provider. If you get covered supplemental benefits, such as HealthAdvocate<sup>SM</sup>, from an out-of-network provider then you must pay the entire cost of the service.
- If an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, please contact Member Services. Generally, it is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill Original Medicare first, and then to bill us for the remaining amount. We may require the out-of-network provider to bill Original Medicare. We will then pay any applicable Medicare coinsurance and deductibles minus your copayments on your behalf.

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## **SECTION 2    Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care**

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### **Section 2.1    How to get care from specialists and other network providers**

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A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

You do not need a referral to see a network specialist. You can choose a specialist by using the *Provider Directory*, asking your primary care provider for help, or getting help from Member Services.

### **What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?**

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
  - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
  - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network provider that you may access for continued care.

- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 7.

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## **SECTION 3    How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster**

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### **Section 3.1    Getting care if you have a medical emergency**

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#### **What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?**

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate state license even if they are not part of our network. You are also covered for worldwide emergency medical care in a hospital. If you receive emergency medical care outside the United States or its territories, please contact Medica Member Services to assist you in assembling the information needed to process your claim. See the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information. Ambulance services outside the United States or its territories are not covered by Original Medicare or our plan.

#### **What is covered if you have a medical emergency?**

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable, and the medical emergency is over.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and circumstances allow. After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

### **What if it wasn't a medical emergency?**

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you go to a network provider to get the additional care. If you get additional care from an **out-of-network** provider after the doctor says it was not an emergency, you will normally have to pay Original Medicare's cost sharing.

For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document.

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## **Section 3.2      Getting care when you have an urgent need for services**

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### **What are urgently needed services?**

An *urgently needed service* is a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. For example, an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have or a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend. Urgently needed services may be furnished by out-of-network providers when it is unreasonable, given your circumstances, to obtain immediate care from network providers.

Please contact Member Services for assistance with locating a provider in your area.

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, our plan will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency services outside the United States under the following circumstances, when the emergency care is:

1. Rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and
2. Needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

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### **Section 3.3      Getting care during a disaster**

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If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: [Medica.com/Members](https://www.medicaplan.com/Members) for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

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## **SECTION 4      What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?**

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### **Section 4.1      You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services**

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If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*) for information about what to do.

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### **Section 4.2      If services are not covered by our plan or Original Medicare, you must pay the full cost**

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Our plan covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out of network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services. You have the right to seek care from any provider that is qualified to treat Medicare members. However, Original Medicare pays your claims, and you must pay your cost sharing.

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## **SECTION 5      How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?**

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### **Section 5.1      What is a clinical research study?**

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A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the



requirements for the study, *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

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## **Section 5.2      When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?**

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Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

*Here's an example of how the cost sharing works:* Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20



under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

We will pay the Medicare Part A or Part B deductible.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

### **Do you want to know more?**

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at: [www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf).) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

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## **SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution**

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### **Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?**

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A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

### **Section 6.2 Receiving care from a religious non-medical health care institution**

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To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.

- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following condition applies:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.

Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits may apply. Refer to the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

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## **SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment**

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### **Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?**

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Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, compression stockings, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services for more information.

#### **What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

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## **Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance**

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### **What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?**

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage our plan will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repair of oxygen equipment

If you leave our plan or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

### **What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?**

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

# CHAPTER 4:

*Medical Benefits Chart  
(what is covered and  
what you pay)*

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## **SECTION 1    Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services**

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This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of our plan. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

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### **Section 1.1    Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services**

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To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- **Copayment** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **Coinsurance** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

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### **Section 1.2    What is the most you will pay for covered medical services?**

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There is a limit on the total amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for medical services that are covered by our plan. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2024 the Medica Prime Solution Focus amount is \$4,000. For calendar year 2024 the Medica Prime Solution Total amount is \$3,000.

The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amount you pay for your plan premium does not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with a caret (^) in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you reach the Medica Prime Solution Focus maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$4,000 or the Medica Prime Solution Total maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$3,000, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

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### **Section 1.3    Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you**

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As a member of our plan, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional

separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
  - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
  - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services).
  - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral, or for emergencies or outside the service area for urgently needed services).
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Member Services.

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## **SECTION 2    Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay**

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### **Section 2.1    Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan**

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The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services our plan covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. *Medically necessary* means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered by our plan, unless it is emergent or urgent care or unless your plan or a network provider has given you a referral.

- If you get Medicare-covered services from an out-of-network provider and we do not cover the services, Original Medicare will cover the services. For any services covered by Original Medicare instead of our plan, you must pay Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. View it online at [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov) or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
- More than one copayment or coinsurance may be required if you receive more than one service during an office visit, Outpatient surgery, Outpatient hospital service, or Outpatient hospital observation.



You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

## Medical Benefits Chart


In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered by our plan. See Sections 1 and 2 in Chapter 3 for more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-of-network provider.

If you get Medicare-covered services from an out-of-network provider and we do not cover the services, Original Medicare will cover the services. For any services covered by Original Medicare instead of our plan, you must pay Original Medicare's cost-sharing amounts.

See Section 2.3 of this chapter for information on our plan's Extended Absence Option.





## Medical Benefits Chart



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</b>  A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.	
<b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain</b>  Covered services include: Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances: For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lasting 12 weeks or longer;</li> <li>• nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.);</li> <li>• not associated with surgery; and</li> <li>• not associated with pregnancy.</li> </ul> An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.  Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture service received from a primary care provider. \$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture service received during a specialist visit. \$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture service received during a chiropractor visit.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture service received from a primary care provider. \$10 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture service received during a specialist visit. \$10 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture service received during a chiropractor visit.






Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)</b></p> <p>Provider Requirements:</p> <p>Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.</p> <p>Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa)(5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a master's or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,</li> <li>• a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.</li> </ul> <p>Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.</p>		


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Ambulance services</b>  Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.  Ambulance services are covered in-network and out-of-network.	\$50 copayment for each ground transportation one-way trip.  \$100 copayment for each air transportation one-way trip.	\$0 copayment for each ground transportation one-way trip.  \$50 copayment for each air transportation one-way trip.
<b>Annual physical exam</b>  We cover one exam per calendar year. It is a more comprehensive exam than the annual wellness visit shown below. A qualified physician or qualified non-physician practitioner will collect health information and measure different bodily systems as a baseline reading.  Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Detailed head-to-toe assessment with hands-on examination of all body systems, such as heart, lung, head and neck, and neurological.</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment	



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Annual physical exam (continued)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measure and record vital signs, such as blood pressure, heart rate and respiratory rate.</li> <li>• Prescription medication review.</li> <li>• Review of any recent hospitalization.</li> <li>• Detailed medical/family history.</li> </ul>		
 <b>Annual wellness visit</b> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>		There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.
 <b>Bone mass measurement</b> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>		There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</b>  Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</li> <li>• One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older</li> <li>• Clinical breast exams once every 24 months</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.	
<b>Cardiac rehabilitation services</b>  Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order.  The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	\$15 copayment	\$10 copayment
 <b>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</b>  We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.	



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Cardiovascular disease testing</b> Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.	
 <b>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</b> Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months</li> <li>If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.	
<b>Chiropractic services</b> Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation</li> </ul>	\$15 copayment	\$10 copayment
 <b>Colorectal cancer screening</b> The following screening tests are covered: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam, excluding barium enemas, for which coinsurance applies. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam, excluding barium enemas, for which coinsurance applies. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</b> colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) for patients 45 years and older. Once every 48 months from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema.</li> <li>Screening fecal-occult blood test, or Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT).</li> <li>Multitargeted stool DNA for patients 45 years and older. Once every 3 years.</li> <li>Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.</li> <li>Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.</li> <li>Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or</li> </ul>	other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam and you pay a \$0 copayment for your primary care doctor services in an office setting, or \$15 for specialist services in an office, or \$15 copayment for primary care doctor or specialist services in an Outpatient facility.  When the diagnostic exam is performed in a hospital outpatient setting, you are also responsible for the Outpatient surgery cost sharing. You pay \$250 for diagnostic colonoscopies performed in an outpatient hospital facility or \$150 for diagnostic colonoscopies performed in an ambulatory surgical center.  For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the	other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam and you pay a \$0 copayment for your primary care doctor services in an office setting, or \$10 for specialist services in an office, or \$10 copayment for primary care doctor or specialist services in an Outpatient facility.  When the diagnostic exam is performed in a hospital outpatient setting, you are also responsible for the Outpatient surgery cost sharing. You pay \$150 for diagnostic colonoscopies performed in an outpatient hospital facility or \$100 for diagnostic colonoscopies performed in an ambulatory surgical center.  For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Colorectal cancer screening (continued)</b> screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-up screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.</li> </ul>	following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:  <b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers; and Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits.</b>	following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:  <b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers; and Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits.</b>
<b>Dental services<sup>^</sup></b>  In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.	\$0 copayment for primary care doctor visits and \$15 copayment for specialist visits for Medicare-covered dental services.	\$0 copayment for primary care doctor visits and \$10 copayment for specialist visits for Medicare-covered dental services.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Dental services<sup>^</sup> (continued)</b>  In addition:  <sup>^</sup> Our plan provides limited reimbursement for preventive and comprehensive dental services when provided by any licensed dentist within the U.S. and its territories.  Dental services must be received within the calendar year and cannot be used to pay for dental insurance premiums or as pre-payment for services not yet received.  You will be responsible to make payment for dental services and then ask us to reimburse you. To find out how to submit a claim for reimbursement, please refer to Chapter 5, Section 1. You can also call Member Services for more information.	<sup>^</sup> You pay 100% of all costs, however, we will reimburse up to \$300 every calendar year for non-Medicare-covered dental services.	<sup>^</sup> You pay 100% of all costs, however, we will reimburse up to \$400 every calendar year for non-Medicare-covered dental services.
 <b>Depression screening</b>  We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.	
 <b>Diabetes screening</b>  We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.	





Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Diabetes screening (continued)</b> be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.  Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.		
 <b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</b>  For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.</li> <li>For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> <li>Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.</li> </ul>	<p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered diabetic testing supplies.</p> <p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes and inserts.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p> <p>If the doctor provides you services in addition to diabetes self-management training, a separate cost sharing of \$0 copayment for primary care doctors and a \$15 copayment for specialists will apply.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered diabetic testing supplies and therapeutic shoes and inserts.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.</p> <p>If the doctor provides you services in addition to diabetes self-management training, a separate cost sharing of \$0 copayment for primary care doctors and a \$10 copayment for specialists will apply.</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</b></p> <p>(For a definition of durable medical equipment, see Chapter 10 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, compression stockings, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.</p> <p>You may also obtain any medically necessary DME from any supplier that contracts with Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare). However, if our plan does not contract with this supplier you will have to pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare.</p> <p>Please contact Member Services for any questions related to DME coverage.</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered service.</p> <p>You pay up to a \$35 copayment per one month supply for Part B insulin furnished through an external insulin pump.</p> <p>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance every month.</p> <p>After 36 months of payments for rental of oxygen equipment, you pay no more rental fees and you may keep the equipment for up to</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered service.</p> <p>You pay up to a \$0 copayment per one month supply for Part B insulin furnished through an external insulin pump.</p> <p>For insulin administered through a diabetic external insulin pump or nebulizer medication administered through a nebulizer, contact Medica Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document) to request we cover these medications as DME</p> <p>Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is \$0 copayment every month.</p> <p>After 36 months of payments for rental of oxygen equipment, you pay no more rental fees and you may keep the equipment for up to</p>


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies (continued)</b>	<p>24 additional months. You will also pay 20% coinsurance for any needed maintenance during these additional 24 months.</p> <p>Original cost sharing resumes after 5 years should you start rental of new oxygen equipment.</p> <p>If prior to enrolling in our plan you had made 36 months of rental payment for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in our plan is 20% coinsurance.</p>	<p>24 additional months. You will also pay \$0 copayment for any needed maintenance during these additional 24 months.</p> <p>Original cost sharing resumes after 5 years should you start rental of new oxygen equipment.</p> <p>If prior to enrolling in our plan you had made 36 months of rental payment for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in our plan is \$0 copayment.</p>
<b>Emergency care</b>  Emergency care refers to services that are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and</li> <li>• Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.</li> </ul> <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a</p>	<p>\$75 copayment</p> <p>Copayment is waived if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours (U.S. only).</p> <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered. If you get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Emergency care (continued)</b></p> <p>limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Coverage is available worldwide.</p>	<p>after an emergency admission, your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital. However, if you refuse reasonable, medically appropriate transfer to a network hospital, your cost-sharing might be higher.</p>	
<p><b>eVisits<sup>^</sup></b></p> <p>In addition to in-person doctor's office visits, you have access to online care provided by Amwell®.</p> <p>Amwell is an online medical service staffed by board-certified doctors who can answer questions, diagnose, treat and prescribe medications (if needed) for common medical conditions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. They are available in all states. Access them via phone, tablet or computer at <a href="http://www.Amwell.com/CM">www.Amwell.com/CM</a> or at 1 (855) 635-1393 (toll-free).</p> <p>Please see the definition of eVisits in Chapter 10 for details. Use of online clinics is optional. You can continue going to your provider directly.</p>	<p><sup>^</sup> \$0 copayment for each eVisit.</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Health and wellness education programs<sup>^</sup></b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>ActiveHealth Management</b>  Medica offers a health program focused on the condition-specific management of diabetes and chronic heart disease. A nurse will work with you to establish regularly scheduled visits, that are done telephonically, once every two weeks, or as agreed upon by you. During this time, the nurse will educate you on how to live with your condition and help develop self management skills to improve your health. The program typically lasts 60 to 90 days. Medica will notify your physician of your participation in the program to improve continuity in managing your condition. The program is driven through a Medica analytical tool that looks at a combination of health factors. Members who meet criteria for these conditions may be eligible for this supplemental benefit. Medica may call you for enrollment, however if you know you could benefit from this condition-specific program, please call 1 (866) 905-7430 (toll-free). The hours of operation are Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. – 5 p.m. CT. </li> <li> <b>HealthAdvocate<sup>SM</sup> is a unique benefit that combines a 24-hour NurseLine with Personal Health Advocacy services.</b>  The NurseLine is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Connect through their website, or with one simple phone call to HealthAdvocate, you can consult with a nurse to receive </li> </ul>	ActiveHealth Management: <sup>^</sup> \$0 copayment	HealthAdvocate: <sup>^</sup> \$0 copayment

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Health and wellness education programs^ (continued)</b> self-care tips, guidance on appropriate treatment options and get support for non-urgent illnesses.  You can also ask a Personal Health Advocate to help you resolve claim questions; assist with making payment arrangements for medical services; answer questions about medical test results, treatments or medications recommended by your doctor; find a provider that meets your needs; schedule medical appointments; help you estimate medical costs for upcoming procedures; help you transfer medical records and answer questions about eldercare and related health issues.  <b>HealthAdvocate</b> – 1 (866) 668-6548 (toll-free) (TTY: 711). Hours of operation: 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>Medica Behavioral Health (MBH) Crisis Line</b>                              If you need mental health or substance abuse services, call MBH at 1 (800) 848-8327 (toll-free) (TTY: 711). If you have an emergency, call 911. MBH is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The Crisis Line will guide you toward appropriate treatment options. Please have your member ID card available when you call.                         </li> </ul>		MBH Crisis Line: ^ \$0 copayment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> <b>One Pass™ Fitness Program</b>                              The One Pass fitness program is a fitness benefit that includes access to an expansive network of fitness                         </li> </ul>		One Pass: ^ \$0 annual fee

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Health and wellness education programs^ (continued)</b> locations nationwide, exercise equipment, and other gym amenities including group exercise classes led by certified instructors. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Online resources include on-demand and live-streaming fitness classes as well as individual exercises.</li> <li>BrainHQ provides unlimited access to an online platform with activities that support brain speed, memory and cognitive resilience.</li> <li>A Home Fitness Kit is available to members residing 15 miles outside of a participating fitness location, or members physically unable to visit a fitness location.</li> </ul> Members get their One Pass code and find locations and classes at <a href="https://www.medicaplanet.com/Fitness">Medica.com/Fitness</a> . Members with additional questions should call 1 (877) 504-6830 (toll-free) (TTY: 711), Monday – Friday, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT.		
<b>Hearing services</b>  Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	\$0 copayment for primary care doctor visits and \$15 copayment for specialist visits for diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations.  ^ \$0 copayment for up to one routine hearing	\$0 copayment for primary care doctor visits and \$10 copayment for specialist visits for diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations.  ^ \$0 copayment for up to one routine hearing


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Hearing services (continued)</b></p> <p>Our plan covers the following additional services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ^ One routine hearing exam every calendar year</li> <li>• ^ Hearing aid allowance. Our plan provides limited reimbursement for evaluation, fitting and hearing aids, every calendar year. Hearing aids, including over-the-counter hearing aids, may be purchased in or out-of-network.</li> </ul> <p>You will be responsible to make the initial purchase and then ask us to reimburse you. To find out how to submit a claim for reimbursement, please refer to Chapter 5, Section 1. You can also call Member Services for more information.</p>	<p>exam per calendar year.</p> <p>^ You pay 100% of all costs for evaluation, fitting, and hearing aids. However, we will reimburse up to \$400 every calendar year for non-Medicare-covered hearing services.</p>	<p>exam per calendar year.</p> <p>^ You pay 100% of all costs for evaluation, fitting, and hearing aids. However, we will reimburse up to \$400 every calendar year for non-Medicare-covered hearing services.</p>
<p> <b>HIV screening</b></p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One screening exam every 12 months</li> </ul> <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p>	



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Home health agency care</b></p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (to be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>• Medical and social services</li> <li>• Medical equipment and supplies</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment	
<p><b>Home infusion therapy</b></p> <p>Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care</li> </ul>	<p>\$0 copayment</p> <p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies;</b>  <b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs; and</b>  <b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits.</b></p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Home infusion therapy (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit</li> <li>• Remote monitoring</li> <li>• Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier</li> </ul> <p>If you receive additional services, cost-sharing for those services may apply.</p>		
<p><b>Hospice care</b></p> <p>You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs for symptom control and pain relief</li> <li>• Short-term respite care</li> <li>• Home care</li> </ul> <p>When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you choose to remain in your plan you</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not our plan.</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Hospice care (continued)</b>  must continue to pay plan premiums.  <u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u>  Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.  <u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services</li> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)</li> </ul> <p>For any optional supplemental services that are covered by Medica Prime Solution Total: Our plan will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not</p>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Hospice care (continued)</b>  they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for hospice consultation services.</p>	
<p> <b>Immunizations</b></p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pneumonia vaccine</li> <li>• Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary</li> <li>• Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B</li> <li>• COVID-19 vaccine</li> <li>• Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B, and COVID-19 vaccines.</p>	
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care</b></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day</p>	<p>\$300 copayment per stay.</p> <p>Our plan follows the Original Medicare Benefit period.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an</p>	<p>\$250 copayment per stay.</p> <p>Our plan follows the Original Medicare Benefit period.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an</p>



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</b>  before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>There is no limit to the number of days covered by the plan.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>• Meals including special diets</li> <li>• Regular nursing services</li> <li>• Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)</li> <li>• Drugs and medications</li> <li>• Lab tests</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services</li> <li>• Necessary surgical and medical supplies</li> <li>• Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs</li> <li>• Operating and recovery room costs</li> <li>• Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy</li> <li>• Inpatient substance abuse services</li> <li>• Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service</li> </ul>	<p>out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>	<p>out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</b></p> <p>area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If our plan provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/ multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need.</li> <li>• Physician services</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p>		


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care (continued)</b></p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called: <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>		
<p><b>Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital</b></p> <p>Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</p> <p>There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</p> <p>Once you have exhausted the Medicare lifetime limit of 190 days, there is an additional 175 lifetime days in a Medicare-eligible psychiatric hospital.</p>	<p>\$300 copayment for each Medicare-covered stay.</p> <p>Our plan follows the Original Medicare Benefit period.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for up to 175 additional days in a psychiatric hospital.</p>	<p>\$250 copayment for each Medicare-covered stay.</p> <p>Our plan follows the Original Medicare Benefit period.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for up to 175 additional days in a psychiatric hospital.</p>
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</b></p> <p>If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF).</p>	<p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)</b></p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physician services</li> <li>• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)</li> <li>• X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li> <li>• Surgical dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices</li> <li>• Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses; and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition</li> <li>• Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li> </ul> <p>You pay the amount you would pay for these services on an outpatient basis. If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply.</p>	<p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies;</b>  <b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies;</b>  <b>Outpatient rehabilitation services;</b>  <b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits; and</b>  <b>Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b></p>	



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Medical nutrition therapy</b> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and two hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p>	
 <b>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</b> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</b></p> <p>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services</li> <li>• Insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump)</li> <li>• Other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan</li> <li>• Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia</li> <li>• Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant</li> <li>• Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug</li> <li>• Antigens</li> <li>• Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs</li> <li>• Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and</li> </ul>	<p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered Part B chemotherapy drugs and other Part B drugs.</p> <p>Part B rebatable drugs may be subject to a lower coinsurance. Go to <a href="http://www.cms.gov/medicare/medicare-fee-for-service-part-b-drugs/mcrpartbdrugavg-salesprice">www.cms.gov/medicare/medicare-fee-for-service-part-b-drugs/mcrpartbdrugavg-salesprice</a> for a list of Part B rebatable drugs.</p> <p>For Part B insulin, you will pay no more than a \$35 copay per a one-month supply.</p>	<p>20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered Part B chemotherapy drugs and other Part B drugs.</p> <p>Part B rebatable drugs may be subject to a lower coinsurance. Go to <a href="http://www.cms.gov/medicare/medicare-fee-for-service-part-b-drugs/mcrpartbdrugavg-salesprice">www.cms.gov/medicare/medicare-fee-for-service-part-b-drugs/mcrpartbdrugavg-salesprice</a> for a list of Part B rebatable drugs.</p> <p>For Part B insulin furnished through an external insulin pump, you will pay \$0 copay per a one-month supply.</p> <p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to <b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies.</b></p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</b> erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases</li> </ul>		
 <b>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</b> If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.	
<b>Opioid treatment program services</b> Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications.</li> <li>Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable)</li> </ul>	\$15 copayment	\$10 copayment

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Opioid treatment program services (continued)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Substance use counseling</li> <li>• Individual and group therapy</li> <li>• Toxicology testing</li> <li>• Intake activities</li> <li>• Periodic assessments</li> </ul>		
<b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b>  Covered services include, but are not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays</li> <li>• Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies</li> <li>• Surgical supplies, such as dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Laboratory tests</li> <li>• Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need.</li> <li>• Other outpatient diagnostic tests</li> </ul>	\$10 copayment for x-rays  \$0 copayment for primary care doctor office visits and \$15 copayment for specialist office or outpatient facility visits for diagnostic procedures and tests.  \$30 copayment for office visits and \$150 copayment at outpatient facilities for diagnostic radiology services.  \$30 copayment for therapeutic radiology services.  \$0 copayment for surgical supplies, splints or casts, lab tests, and blood.	\$0 copayment for x-rays  \$0 copayment for primary care doctor office visits and \$10 copayment for specialist office or outpatient facility visits for diagnostic procedures and tests.  \$10 copayment for office visits and \$50 copayment at outpatient facilities for diagnostic radiology services.  \$10 copayment for therapeutic radiology services.  \$0 copayment for surgical supplies, splints or casts, lab tests, and blood.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Outpatient hospital observation</b></p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called: <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>\$250 copayment per stay.</p> <p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient rehabilitation services; and Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b></p>	<p>\$150 copayment per stay.</p> <p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient rehabilitation services; and Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b></p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Outpatient hospital services</b></p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery</li> <li>• Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Medical supplies such as splints and casts</li> <li>• Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called: <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You</i></p>	<p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Emergency care; Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient hospital observation; Outpatient mental health care; Outpatient rehabilitation services; Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers; Partial hospitalization</b></p>	<p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Emergency care; Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient hospital observation; Outpatient mental health care; Outpatient rehabilitation services; Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers; Partial hospitalization</b></p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Outpatient hospital services (continued)</b> <i>Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	<b>services; Physician/ Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits; and Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b>	<b>services; Physician/ Practitioner services, including doctor’s office visits; and Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b>
<b>Outpatient mental health care</b>  Covered services include:  Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, licensed professional counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.  <b>^ Medica Behavioral Health (MBH) Crisis Line</b> If you need mental health or substance abuse services, call MBH at 1 (800) 848-8327 (toll-free) (TTY: 711). If you have an emergency, call 911. MBH is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The Crisis Line will guide you toward appropriate treatment options. Please have your member ID card available when you call.	\$15 copayment for individual and group therapy visits provided by a psychiatrist.  \$0 copayment for individual and group therapy visits provided by other mental health care providers.  MBH Crisis Line: ^ \$0 copayment	\$10 copayment for individual and group therapy visits provided by a psychiatrist.  \$0 copayment for individual and group therapy visits provided by other mental health care providers.  MBH Crisis Line: ^ \$0 copayment



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Outpatient rehabilitation services</b>  Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.  Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	\$15 copayment	\$10 copayment
<b>Outpatient substance abuse services</b>  We cover outpatient substance abuse services when received from Medica network providers in accordance with Medicare guidelines.  <b>^ Medica Behavioral Health (MBH) Crisis Line</b> If you need mental health or substance abuse services, call MBH at 1 (800) 848-8327 (toll-free) (TTY: 711). If you have an emergency, call 911. MBH is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The Crisis Line will guide you toward appropriate treatment options. Please have your member ID card available when you call.	\$15 copayment for each individual and group therapy session.  MBH Crisis Line: ^ \$0 copayment	\$10 copayment for individual and group therapy visits.  MBH Crisis Line: ^ \$0 copayment
<b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b>  <b>Note:</b> If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be	\$250 copayment per visit for surgery or procedure at an hospital outpatient facility.	\$150 copayment per visit for surgery or procedure at an hospital outpatient facility.





Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers (continued)</b></p> <p>an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.</p>	<p>\$150 copayment per visit for surgery or procedure at an ambulatory surgery center.</p> <p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient rehabilitation services; and Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b></p>	<p>\$100 copayment per visit for surgery or procedure at an ambulatory surgery center.</p> <p>For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:</p> <p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Medicare Part B prescription drugs; Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient rehabilitation services; and Prosthetic devices and related supplies.</b></p>
<p><b>Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and supplies<sup>^</sup></b></p> <p>You are eligible for a \$50 credit every quarter to be used toward the purchase of over-the-counter (OTC) health and wellness products available through our mail-order service. Products must be on the approved OTC list and orders can be placed online at <a href="http://www.cvs.com/benefits">www.cvs.com/benefits</a> or by calling OTC Health Solutions at 1</p>	<p><sup>^</sup> \$0 copayment</p>	



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and supplies^ (continued)</b>  (888) 628-2770 (toll-free) (TTY: 711),  9 a.m. – 8 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday.</p> <p>The benefit is available at the beginning of every quarter of the calendar year (January, April, July, and October). Unused credits do not carry over to the next period. Please contact Member Services for more details.</p>		
<p><b>Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services</b></p> <p><i>Partial hospitalization</i> is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><i>Intensive outpatient service</i> is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.</p>	\$20 copayment per day	\$10 copayment per day
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment for each primary care office visit.	\$0 copayment for each primary care office visit.


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b> outpatient department, or any other location <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</li> <li>• Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your primary care doctor or specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment</li> <li>• Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare</li> <li>• Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home</li> <li>• Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location</li> <li>• Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location</li> <li>• Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	\$15 copayment for each specialist office visit.  \$0 copayment for primary care office visit for Medicare-covered dental services.  \$15 copayment for specialist office visit for Medicare-covered dental services.  \$0 copayment for primary care office visit and \$15 copayment for a specialist visit for Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations.  See Chapter 10 for definitions of "primary care doctor" and "specialist."  For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:  <b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Medicare Part B prescription drugs;</b>	\$10 copayment for each specialist office visit.  \$0 copayment for primary care office visit for Medicare-covered dental services.  \$10 copayment for specialist office visit for Medicare-covered dental services.  \$0 copayment for primary care office visit and \$10 copayment for a specialist visit for Medicare-covered diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations.  See Chapter 10 for definitions of "primary care doctor" and "specialist."  For additional information on costs for covered services, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:  <b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies; Medicare Part B prescription drugs;</b>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services</li> <li>◦ Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances</li> <li>• Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers</li> <li>• Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes <b>if</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ You're not a new patient <b>and</b></li> <li>◦ The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days <b>and</b></li> <li>◦ The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours <b>if</b>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ You're not a new patient <b>and</b></li> <li>◦ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days <b>and</b></li> <li>◦ The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record</li> </ul>	<p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient rehabilitation services; Prosthetic devices and related supplies; and Urgently needed services.</b></p>	<p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies; Outpatient rehabilitation services; Prosthetic devices and related supplies; and Urgently needed services.</b></p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery</li> <li>• Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)</li> <li>• If you receive additional services, cost sharing for those services may apply</li> </ul>		
<b>Podiatry services</b> Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li> <li>• Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</li> </ul>	\$15 copayment	\$10 copayment
 <b>Prostate cancer screening exams</b> For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Digital rectal exam</li> <li>• Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.	


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Prosthetic devices and related supplies</b>  Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see <b>Vision Care</b> later in this section for more detail.	20% coinsurance	\$0 copayment
<b>Pulmonary rehabilitation services</b>  Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.	\$15 copayment	\$10 copayment
 <b>Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</b>  We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent.  If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.	


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</b>  For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.  <b>Eligible members are:</b> people aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.  <i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</i> the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.	
 <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</b>  We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs (continued)</b> <p>women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>		
<b>Services to treat kidney disease</b> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime</li> <li>• Outpatient dialysis treatments</li> <li>• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)</li> <li>• Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</li> </ul>	<p>\$0 copayment for kidney disease education services.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for outpatient dialysis treatment and services.</p>	






Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Services to treat kidney disease (continued)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Home dialysis equipment and supplies</li> <li>• Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</li> </ul> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, <b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</b>.</p> <p>Dialysis treatments are covered in-network and out-of-network.</p>		
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care</b></p> <p>(For a definition of “skilled nursing facility care,” see Chapter 10 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called “SNFs.”)</p> <p>A three-day prior hospital stay for a related condition is required.</p> <p>You are covered up to 100 days each benefit period.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>• Meals, including special diets</li> <li>• Skilled nursing services</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> </ul>	<p>For each benefit period:</p> <p>\$0 copayment each day for days 1 through 20.</p> <p>\$50 copayment each day for days 21 through 100.</p> <p>Our plan follows the Original Medicare Benefit period.</p>	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (this includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors)</li> <li>• Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need</li> <li>• Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• Physician/Practitioner services</li> </ul>		
 <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</b> <p><u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u>  We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be</u></p>		<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use) (continued)</b> <u>affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.		
<b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</b> SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication</li> <li>• Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office</li> <li>• Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</li> <li>• Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both</li> </ul>		\$10 copayment

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
<p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued)</b></p> <p>basic and advanced life support techniques</p> <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>		
<p><b>Urgently needed services</b></p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>Coverage is only provided in the United States and its territories.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for each convenience care/retail clinic visit.</p> <p>\$20 copayment for each traditional urgent care center visit.</p> <p>See Chapter 10 for a definition of “convenience care.”</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for each convenience care/retail clinic visit.</p> <p>\$10 copayment for each traditional urgent care center visit.</p> <p>See Chapter 10 for a definition of “convenience care.”</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Vision care</b> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One routine eye exam per calendar year.</li> <li>Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts.</li> <li>For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.</li> <li>For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.</li> <li>One pair of Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens. Eyewear may be purchased in or out-of-network. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) Covered eyeglasses after cataract surgery includes standard frames and lenses as defined by Medicare. Any upgrades are not covered (including, but not limited to,</li> </ul>	<p>\$0 copayment for up to one routine eye exam, and up to 2 refractions per year.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for primary care doctor visits and \$15 copayment for specialist visits for Medicare-covered diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered glaucoma or diabetic retinopathy screening whether you are seen by a primary care doctor or a specialist.</p> <p>\$30 copayment for Medicare-covered eyewear following each cataract surgery.</p>	<p>\$0 copayment for up to one routine eye exam, and up to 2 refractions per year.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for primary care doctor visits and \$10 copayment for specialist visits for Medicare-covered diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye.</p> <p>\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered glaucoma or diabetic retinopathy screening whether you are seen by a primary care doctor or a specialist.</p> <p>\$30 copayment for Medicare-covered eyewear following each cataract surgery.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services	
	Focus	Total
 <b>Vision care (continued)</b> deluxe frames, tinting, progressive lenses or anti-reflective coating). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>^ Prescription eyewear allowance. Our plan provides limited reimbursement for non-Medicare-covered contact lenses, eyeglasses (lenses and/or frames), and upgrades every calendar year. Eyewear may be purchased in or out-of-network. You will be responsible to make the initial purchase and then ask us to reimburse you. To find out how to submit a claim for reimbursement, please refer to Chapter 5, Section 1. You can also call Member Services for more information.</li> </ul>	^ You pay 100% of all costs, however, we will reimburse up to \$100 every calendar year for non-Medicare-covered eyewear.	^ You pay 100% of all costs, however, we will reimburse up to \$200 every calendar year for non-Medicare-covered eyewear.
 <b>Welcome to Medicare preventive visit</b>  The plan covers the one-time <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Medicare-covered EKG following the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit</li> </ul> <b>Important:</b> We cover the <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your <i>Welcome to Medicare</i> preventive visit.	\$0 copayment for a Medicare-covered EKG following Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.	

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## **Section 2.2      Extra optional supplemental benefits you can buy**

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Medica Prime Solution Total offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package. These extra benefits are called “**Optional Supplemental Benefits.**” If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them. The optional supplemental benefit described in Addendum A are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

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## **Section 2.3      Getting care using our plan’s optional extended absence benefit**

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Usually we must disenroll you if you are absent from our plan’s service area for more than 3 months. However, we offer an Extended Absence Option as a supplemental benefit. This benefit allows you to remain enrolled in our plan when you are outside of our plan’s service area for up to 9 consecutive months.

You must remain a permanent resident within the service area. (If you permanently move to an area outside of the plan service area, you are not eligible to use the Extended Absence Option.)

During this temporary absence, you may continue to receive plan covered services and pay no more than you would if you had used network providers in your plan’s service area.

Medica maintains a network of providers wherever Prime Solution plans are offered. This includes portions of Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. When you are traveling within this area, you should continue to access services from Prime Solution network providers in order to receive in-network cost sharing.

When you are outside of the area where Prime Solution plans are offered, you may still receive in-network cost sharing for plan benefits by using non-network providers who participate in the Medicare program. You must present both your Medicare card and your plan membership card to the non-network provider at the time you receive care. Please instruct them that they are to bill Medicare first for Medicare eligible services. Once Medicare has paid, any remaining charges should be billed to Medica.

**If you are planning to be out of the service area for more than 90 consecutive days, you must call Member Services before you begin your temporary absence in order to access coverage for health services under the Extended Absence Option.** Calling Member Services sets up the process that will authorize claims from non-network providers to be paid during the time you’ve indicated you will be outside the area. (If you are gone less than 90 consecutive days the Extended Absence Option will automatically apply to services received outside the plan service area. There is no need to call Member Services.)

The Extended Absence Option can only be used **outside the service area** and only within the United States.

Generally, you will only need to call Member Services once to activate the Extended Absence Option. However, if you are admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility while you are gone,

you should call Member Services and report the admission. Note: Benefits for inpatient services are limited to Medicare eligible days under the Extended Absence Option.

If you are not using the Extended Absence Option, you may get care when you are outside the service area. You may need to pay higher cost sharing for routine care from non-network providers, but you won't pay extra in a medical emergency or if your care is urgently needed.

Once you return to the service area, call Member Services to notify them of your return. After you return, you must use Medica network providers except for emergency care services, urgently needed services and dialysis treatments to receive the highest level of coverage under our plan.

If you have not returned to the plan service area within 9 months, you will be disenrolled from the plan.

If you have questions about your medical costs, the availability of network providers or the use of non-network providers when you travel, please call Member Services.

## **SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?**

### **Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)**

This section tells you what services are *excluded* from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered, and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this document.)

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
Acupuncture		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.</li> </ul>
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the</li> </ul>



Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
		<p>functioning of a malformed body member.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</li> </ul>
Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
<p>Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment, and medications.</p> <p>Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan.</li> </ul> <p>(See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)</p>
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Home-delivered meals	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
If you are not entitled to, or have not purchased Medicare Part A, and you are only enrolled in Medicare Part B, you will only have Medicare Part B coverage under our plan. You will not have coverage for services that would be covered under Medicare Part A services such as hospital, skilled nursing facility and any related service.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.</li> </ul>
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Private room in a hospital.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Covered only when medically necessary.</li> </ul>
Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Reversal of sterilization procedures and/or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	
Routine chiropractic care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.</li> </ul>

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Routine foot care		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Some limited coverage is provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).</li> </ul>
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	

## CHAPTER 5:

*Asking us to pay our share of a bill  
you have received for covered  
medical services*

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## **SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services**

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Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. Or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called *reimbursing* you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

### **1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network**

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases,

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost. Ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.
- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

### **2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay**

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called *balance billing*. This

protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

### **3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan**

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

### **4. When you are requesting reimbursement for dental services, eyewear, and hearing aids**

Medica provides a benefit reimbursement for dental services, eyewear, and hearing aid fitting/evaluations and hearing aids. The benefit limits are indicated in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. You will pay the entire purchase amount yourself at the time you receive these services. You need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the benefit reimbursement.

To make sure you are giving us the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- Go to [Medica.com/Forms](https://www.medicagov.com/forms) to download the form, or call Member Services and ask for the form.
- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Send us your request for payment, the form, if used, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. Send the copy to us with your member information and Medicare Claim Number. Mail your request to us at this address:

Medica Government Programs  
PO Box 30990  
Salt Lake City, UT 84130

**You must send us your request for reimbursement within 365 days from the date of service.** Your claim reimbursement will take approximately 30 days to process and Medica will forward a check directly to you.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has information about how to make an appeal.

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## **SECTION 2    How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received**

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You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within 365 days** of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

To download a form to help with your claim, go to: [Medica.com/Forms](https://www.medicagov.com/forms). You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

Medica Government Programs  
PO Box 30990  
Salt Lake City, UT 84130

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## **SECTION 3    We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no**

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### **Section 3.1    We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe**

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When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your rights to appeal that decision.

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**Section 3.2      If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal**

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If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.



# CHAPTER 6:

*Your rights and responsibilities*

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## **SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan**

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### **Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)**

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Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to: provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services at 1 (800) 234-8755. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

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### **Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services**

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You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral. We do not require you to get referrals.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7 tells what you can do.

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### **Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information**

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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your *personal health information* includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a *Notice of Privacy Practice*, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

#### **How do we protect the privacy of your health information?**

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.*
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

#### **You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others**

You have the right to look at your medical records held by the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services.

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## **Section 1.4      We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services**

---

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services:

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our network providers.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.** Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.** Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

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## **Section 1.5      We must support your right to make decisions about your care**

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### **You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care**

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

## **You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself**

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an **advance directive** to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

## **What if your instructions are not followed?**

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with Wisconsin Department of Health Services by calling 1 (608) 266-1865.

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**Section 1.6      You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made**

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If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly.**

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**Section 1.7      What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?**

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**If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

**Is it about something else?**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services**.
  - You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
  - Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).
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**Section 1.8      How to get more information about your rights**

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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services**.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare**.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Medicare Rights & Protections.” (The publication is available at: [www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf).)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

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## **SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan**

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Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care.
  - Notifying out-of-network providers when seeking care (unless it is an emergency) that although you are enrolled in our plan, the provider should bill Original Medicare. You should present your membership card and your Medicare card.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - You must pay your plan premiums.
  - You must continue to pay a premium for your Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
  - For most of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.
- **If you move *within* our plan service area, we need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- **If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.**
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

## CHAPTER 7:

*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*



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## **SECTION 1 Introduction**

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### **Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern**

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This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

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### **Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?**

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There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says, making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

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## **SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance**

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We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

### **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help

you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

## **Medicare**

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)).

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## **SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?**

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If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

### **Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?**

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

**Yes.**

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4, A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.**

**No.**

Skip ahead to **Section 9** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.**

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## COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

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### SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

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#### Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

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Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

#### Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving benefits

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

#### Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a benefit is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances an appeal request will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your Level 1 appeal.
- See **Section 5.4** of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

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## **Section 4.2      How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

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Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You **can call us at Member Services**.
- You **can get free help** from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- **Your doctor can make a request for you.** If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf) or on our website at [Medica.com/-/Media/Documents/Medicare/Shared/Appointment-of-Representative-Form-Prime-Solution.pdf](http://Medica.com/-/Media/Documents/Medicare/Shared/Appointment-of-Representative-Form-Prime-Solution.pdf).)
  - For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your *representative* to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. The form is also available on Medicare's website at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf) or on our website at

[Medica.com/-/Media/Documents/Medicare/Shared/Appointment-of-Representative-Form-Prime-Solution.pdf](https://www.medicaprime.com/-/Media/Documents/Medicare/Shared/Appointment-of-Representative-Form-Prime-Solution.pdf). The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

- While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

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### **Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?**

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There are three different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: **Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**
- **Section 6** of this chapter: **How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon**
- **Section 7** of this chapter: **How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon** (*Applies only to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services*)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

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## **SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision**

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### **Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care**

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This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**
4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**

If you have a complaint about a bill when you receive care from an out-of-network provider, the appeals process described will not apply, unless you were directed to go to an out-of-network provider by the plan or one of the network providers.

You should refer to the notice of the service (called the “Medicare Summary Notice”) you receive from Original Medicare. The Medicare Summary Notice provides information on how to appeal a decision made by Original Medicare.

**Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services,** you need to read Sections 6 and 7 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

## Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms
When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an <b>organization determination</b> .
<i>A fast coverage decision</i> is called an <b>expedited determination</b> .

### **Step 1: Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.**

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or

**24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**

- You may *only ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.** If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Explains that you can file a *fast complaint* about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

**Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.**

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

**Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.**

*For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.*

**This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request **for a medical item or service**. If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)



*For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe*

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a *fast complaint*. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

## Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms
An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a <b>plan reconsideration</b> .
A fast appeal is also called an <b>expedited reconsideration</b> .

**Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.**

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days or 7 days for Part B drugs. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a *fast appeal*. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a *fast appeal* are the same as those for getting a *fast coverage decision* in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

**Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal**

- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing.** You may also ask for an appeal by calling us. Chapter 2 has contact information.



- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us at 1 (800) 234-8755.** Chapter 2 has contact information.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.** We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

### **Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

#### ***Deadlines for a fast appeal***

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.** We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

#### ***Deadlines for a standard appeal***

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not

yet received, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
  - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- **If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

## Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

Legal Term
The formal name for the independent review organization is the <b>Independent Review Entity</b> . It is sometimes called the <b>IRE</b> .

The **independent review organization** is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

### **Step 1: The independent review organization reviews your appeal.**

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your **case file**. **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file**. We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### ***If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2***

- For the fast appeal the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.

- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

***If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2***

- For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

**Step 2: The independent review organization gives you their answer.**

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within **72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization for **standard requests**. For **expedited requests** we have **24 hours** from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called *upholding the decision or turning down your appeal*.) In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
  - Explaining its decision.
  - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
  - Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

**Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes.

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**Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?**

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Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- **If we say yes to your request:** If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- **If we say no to your request:** If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3.** For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

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## **SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon**

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When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay, and your request will be considered.

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### **Section 6.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights**

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Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

- 1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it.** It tells you:
  - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
  - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
  - Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
  - Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.
- 2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.**
  - You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
  - Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

- 3. Keep your copy** of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
- If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
  - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices).

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## **Section 6.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

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If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

**During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

*How can you contact this organization?*

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

***Act quickly:***

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
  - **If you meet this deadline**, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.



- **If you do *not* meet this deadline**, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Member Services or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at [www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices).

### **Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

### **Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.**

#### ***What happens if the answer is yes?***

- If the review organization says *yes*, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

#### ***What happens if the answer is no?***

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to **Level 2** of the appeals process.

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**Section 6.3      Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

***If the review organization says yes:***

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

***If the review organization says no:***

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.



**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

**Section 6.4      What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date?**

Legal Term
A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an <b>expedited appeal</b> .

**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge date. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different*.

**Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.**

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the *fast* deadlines rather than the *standard* deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

**Step 2: We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.**

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.**

- **If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)

- **If we say no to your appeal**, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

**Step 4:** If we say *no* to your appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

### Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

Legal Term
The formal name for the independent review organization is the <b>Independent Review Entity</b> . It is sometimes called the <b>IRE</b> .

The **independent review organization** is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

**Step 1:** We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2:** The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says yes to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says no to your appeal**, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 3: If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

## SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

### Section 7.1 *This section is only about three services:* Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting covered **home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility)**, you have the right to keep getting your services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.*

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

### Section 7.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term
<b>Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.</b> It tells you how you can request a <b>fast-track appeal</b> . Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

- You receive a notice in writing** at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
  - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
  - How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it.** Signing the notice shows *only* that you have

received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan's decision to stop care.

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### **Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

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If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.**
- **Meet the deadlines.**
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

**During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track* appeal. You must act quickly.**

*How can you contact this organization?*

- The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

*Act quickly:*

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal **by noon of the day before the effective date** on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

Legal Term
<b>Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.</b> Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

***What happens during this review?***

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage**, from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

**Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.**

***What happens if the reviewers say yes?***

- If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary**.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

***What happens if the reviewers say no?***

- If the reviewers say *no*, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you**.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

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**Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

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During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your

Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

***What happens if the review organization says yes?***

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

***What happens if the review organization says no?***

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision. The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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## **Section 7.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date?**

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### **You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge date. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

### **Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

<b>Legal Term</b>
A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an <b>expedited appeal</b> to change your hospital discharge date.

#### **Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.**

- **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

#### **Step 2: We do a fast review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.**

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

#### **Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.**

- **If we say yes to your appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care.



**Step 4:** If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.

Legal Term
The formal name for the <i>independent review organization</i> is the <b>Independent Review Entity</b> . It is sometimes called the <b>IRE</b> .

### **Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

During the Level 2 appeal, the **independent review organization** reviews the decision we made to your *fast appeal*. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

**Step 1:** We automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2:** The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says *yes* to your appeal**, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover services.
- **If this organization says *no* to your appeal**, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

**Step 3:** If the independent review organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.



- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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## **SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond**

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### **Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests**

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This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

<b>Level 3 appeal</b>	<b>An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government</b> will review your appeal and give you an answer.
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- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the medical care in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

**Level 4 appeal** The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

**Level 5 appeal** A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

## **MAKING COMPLAINTS**

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### **SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

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#### **Section 9.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?**

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The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service.

If you have a complaint regarding a service provided by a hospital or skilled nursing facility that is not part of the plan network, follow the complaint process established by Original Medicare. However, if you have a complaint involving a plan network hospital or skilled nursing facility (or you were directed to go to an out-of-network hospital or skilled nursing facility by the plan or one of the network providers), you will follow the instructions contained in this section. This is true even if you received a Medicare Summary Notice indicating that a claim was processed but

not covered by Original Medicare. Furthermore, if you have a complaint regarding an emergency or urgently needed service, or the cost sharing for hospital or skilled nursing facility services, you will follow the instructions contained in this section. If you have complaints about optional supplemental benefits, you may also file an appeal.

Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
<b>Quality of your medical care</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</li> </ul>
<b>Respecting your privacy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?</li> </ul>
<b>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>Are you unhappy with our Member Services?</li> <li>Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</li> </ul>
<b>Waiting times</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Cleanliness</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?</li> </ul>
<b>Information you get from us</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Did we fail to give you a required notice?</li> <li>Is our written information hard to understand?</li> </ul>
<b>Timeliness</b> (These types of complaints are all related to the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<p>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You asked us for a <i>fast coverage decision</i> or a <i>fast appeal</i>, and we have said no; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical items or services, that were approved; you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>

Complaint	Example
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.</li></ul>

## Section 9.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A <b>Complaint</b> is also called a <b>grievance</b>.</li><li><b>Making a complaint</b> is also called <b>filing a grievance</b>.</li><li><b>Using the process for complaints</b> is also called <b>using the process for filing a grievance</b>.</li><li>A <b>fast complaint</b> is also called an <b>expedited grievance</b>.</li></ul>

## Section 9.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

### **Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.**

- Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know.
- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- If you submit a written complaint it may be either by letter or complaint form.** You will receive a written acknowledgement letter from a Consumer Affairs Advisor within 10 calendar days of receiving your complaint. Your case will be reviewed to determine if the original decision was appropriate. We must notify you of our decision about your complaint as quickly as your case requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days after receiving your complaint. We may extend the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if you request the extension, or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest.

**Medica Member Services**  
Attention: Consumer Affairs  
Route CP520  
PO Box 9310  
Minneapolis, MN 55440

[Medica.com/Medica-Contact-Form](https://www.medicamn.com/Medica-Contact-Form)

- **In certain cases, you have the right to ask for a “fast grievance,” meaning that we will answer your complaint within 24 hours.** You may only ask for a fast decision if you or your doctor believe that waiting for a standard decision could seriously harm your health or your ability to function. A fast decision can only be requested when your complaint involves health care that you have not yet received. You cannot ask for a fast decision for complaints such as asking for us to pay for care already received.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

**Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- **Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint.** If you have a *fast complaint*, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours**.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

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**Section 9.4      You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization**

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When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.** The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

*Or*

- **You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.**

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**Section 9.5      You can also tell Medicare about your complaint**

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You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx](http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx). You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

# CHAPTER 8:

*Ending your membership in the plan*

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## **SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan**

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Ending your membership in our plan may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

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## **SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?**

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### **Section 2.1 You can end your membership at any time**

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You can disenroll from our plan at any time. You may switch to Original Medicare or, if you have an enrollment period, you may enroll in a Medicare Advantage or another Medicare prescription drug plan. Your membership will usually end on the last day of the month in which we receive your request to change your plan.

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### **Section 2.2 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?**

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If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- **Call Member Services.**
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2024* handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

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## **SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?**

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### **Section 3.1 To end your membership, you must ask us in writing**

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You may end your membership in our plan at any time during the year and change to Original Medicare. To end your membership, you must make a request in writing to us. Your membership will end on the last day of the month in which we receive your request. Contact us if you need more information on how to do this.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Another Medicare health plan.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Send us a written request to disenroll.</b> Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this.</li> <li>• You can also contact <b>Medicare</b>, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</li> <li>• You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</li> </ul>

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

## SECTION 4    **Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services through our plan**

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical items, services through our plan.

- **Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.**
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).
- If you use out-of-network providers to obtain medical services, the services are covered under Original Medicare. You will be responsible for Original Medicare's cost sharing for such services, with the exception of emergency and urgently needed services.



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## **SECTION 5 Our plan must end your membership in the plan in certain situations**

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### **Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?**

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**Our plan must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:**

- If you no longer have Medicare Part B. Members must stay continuously enrolled in Medicare Part B.
- If you move out of our service area or you are away from our service area for more than 90 days.
  - Go to Chapter 4, Section 2.3 for information on getting care when you are away from the service area through our plan's Extended Absence Program.
  - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you do not pay the plan premiums.

### **Where can you get more information?**

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call Member Services.

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### **Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason**

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Our plan is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

### **What should you do if this happens?**

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

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**Section 5.3      You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan**

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If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

# CHAPTER 9:

*Legal notices*

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## **SECTION 1 Notice about governing law**

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The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

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## **SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination**

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**We don't discriminate** based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare health plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

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## **SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights**

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We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, our plan, as a Medicare cost plan sponsor, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

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## **SECTION 4 Notice about our Rights of Recovery**

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Medica's rights are subject to state and federal law. For information about the effect of state and federal law on our subrogation rights, contact an attorney.

We have a right of subrogation against any third party, individual, corporation, insurer, or other entity or person who may be legally responsible for payment of medical expenses related to your illness or injury.

Our right of subrogation shall be governed according to this Section.

Our right to recover our subrogation interest applies only after you have received a full recovery for your illness or injury from another source of compensation for your illness or injury.

Our subrogation interest is the reasonable cash value of any benefits received by you.

Our right to recover our subrogation interest may be subject to an obligation by Medica to pay a pro rata share of your disbursements, attorney fees and costs, and other expenses incurred in obtaining a recovery from another source unless we are separately represented by an attorney. If we are represented by an attorney, an agreement regarding allocation may be reached. If an agreement cannot be reached, the matter must be submitted to binding arbitration.

By accepting coverage under the Contract, you agree:

1. To cooperate with us or our designee to help protect our legal rights under this subrogation provision and to provide all information we may reasonably request to determine our rights under this provision.
2. To provide prompt written notice to us when you make a claim against a party for injuries.
3. To provide prompt written notice of our subrogation rights to any party against whom you assert a claim for injuries.
4. To do nothing to decrease our rights under this provision, either before or after receiving benefits, or under the Contract.
5. That we may take action to preserve our legal rights. This includes bringing suit in your name.
6. That we may collect our subrogation interest from the proceeds of any settlement or judgment recovered by you, your legal representative or the legal representatives of your estate or next-of-kin.
7. To hold in trust the proceeds of any settlement or judgment for our benefit under this provision.

# CHAPTER 10:

*Definitions of important words*

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Annual Enrollment Period** – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans. (As a member of a Medicare Cost Plan, you can switch to Original Medicare at any time. But you can only join a new Medicare health or drug plan during certain times of the year, such as the Annual Enrollment Period.)

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of our plan, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to *balance bill* or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

**Benefit Period** – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

**Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan** – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically-linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services.

**Complaint** – The formal name for *making a complaint* is *filing a grievance*. The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Convenience Care** – A health care clinic located in a setting such as a retail store, grocery store, or pharmacy, which provides treatment of common illnesses and certain preventive health care services.

**Copayment (or copay)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

**Cost Sharing** – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. (This is in addition to the plan’s monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any *coinsurance* amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when the service is received.

**Covered Services** – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn’t pay for custodial care.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

**Doctor** – A Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Optometry (O.D.), Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.), or Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.) practicing within the scope of his or her licensure.

**Dual Eligible Special Needs Plans (D-SNP)** – D-SNPs enroll individuals who are entitled to both Medicare (title XVIII of the Social Security Act) and medical assistance from a state plan under Medicaid (title XIX). States cover some Medicare costs, depending on the state and the individual’s eligibility.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include: walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.



**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**eVisit** – An online exchange of non-urgent medical information between a health care provider and an established patient, where the provider gives the patient medical advice. An eVisit is conducted over a secure encrypted website, and is an alternative to an office visit.

**Extended Absence Option** – Allows you to receive in-network benefits when you are temporarily away from the plan service area. You may be away for up to nine consecutive months at a time. See Chapter 4, Section 2.3 for more information.

**“Extra Help”** – A Medicare or a State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

**Hospice** – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you’ll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known

as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the seven-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – See “Extra Help.”

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums and Medicare Part A and Part B premiums do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

**Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan** – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, a ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**.

**Medicare Cost Plan** – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. (For members who have only Medicare Part B, the plan covers only Part B services.) The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Cost Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Member Services** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

**Network** – The participating providers described in the *Provider Directory*. See Chapter 1, Section 3.2, *Provider Directory*.

**Network Provider – Provider** is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called *plan providers*.

**Organization Determination** – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

**Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-service Medicare)** – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for *cost sharing* above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member’s *out-of-pocket* cost requirement.

**Part C** – see Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

**Physician** – A Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Optometry (O.D.), Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.), or Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.) practicing within the scope of his or her licensure.

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Primary Care Doctor** – Is the general term we use for a medical practitioner who assumes “primary responsibility” for a patient’s care including regular checkups, preventive care, referral to specialists and coordination of care. Mid-level practitioners, such as Physician Assistants and Nurse Practitioners, that practice in a primary care doctor’s office will be considered as primary care doctors for the purpose of determining the amount of the office visit copayment under our Plan. Internal Medicine and Family Practice doctors will be considered as primary care doctors for the purpose of determining the amount of the office visit copayment under our Plan. See the Medical Chart in Chapter 4 tells about office visit copayments.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – Medical devices including, but are not limited to: arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get

routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Specialist** – A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. Usually these physicians have advanced training and are certified by a specialty board. Examples of specialists include but are not limited to: Audiology, Cardiology, Dermatology, Oncology, Optometry, Orthopedics, Physical Therapy, Podiatry, and Speech Therapy. Mid-level practitioners, such as Physician Assistants and Nurse Practitioners, who practice in a specialist's office will be considered as specialists for the purpose of determining the amount of the office visit cost sharing under our plan. The office visit copayment is higher for Specialists. Chapter 4 tells about office visit copayments.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently Needed Services** – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

# ADDENDUM A

*Extra "optional supplemental"  
benefits you can buy*

# 2024 EVIDENCE OF COVERAGE (EOC)

**Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a  
Member of**

**Medica Prime Solution® Total (Cost)**

**Medica Prime Solution® Total w/Rx (Cost)**

**(H2450-040 & H2450-041)**

**Wisconsin Rider**

This mailing gives you the details about your Medicare health coverage from January 1 - December 31, 2024 and explains how to get the health care you need. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

**Medica Member Services:**

For help or information, please call Medica Member Services or go to our plan website at **Medica.com/GetMyDocs**.

**CALL: 1 (800) 234-8755 (toll-free)**

**TTY: 711**

We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday. On Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, you can leave a voicemail message, and we'll get back to you within one business day.

This plan is offered by Medica Insurance Company ("Medica"), referred to throughout the Rider as "we" "us" or "our." Medica Prime Solution Total and Total w/Rx is referred to as "plan" or "our Plan".

Medica Member Services has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers (phone numbers are listed above).

This information may be available in large print or other alternate formats. Please call Medica Member Services if you need plan information in another format.

Benefits, premium, copayments, and coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.



## Introduction

This Wisconsin Rider is to be used in conjunction with the Medica Prime Solution Total and Total w/Rx Evidence of Coverage (EOC). This Rider is an additional benefit rider **available only to those Wisconsin residents who are enrolled in Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx**. The Rider is an optional benefit that you have chosen to buy. Please refer to the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx (EOC) for all information not included in this rider.

**NOTE: This Rider is only available during the plan's annual enrollment period of each year and for 30 days following a member's initial plan enrollment. For the 2024 plan year the annual enrollment period is October 15th through December 7th, 2023.**

**Premium:** The \$39.00 monthly premium for this Rider is in addition to the premium that you are paying for the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx coverage. You must also continue to pay your Medicare Part B plan premium.

**Paying Your Premiums:** To find out more about how to pay your premium, see the Chapter titled, "Getting started as a member" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC. Because you have chosen to enroll in this Rider, your premium payment to Medica must include the premium for the Wisconsin Rider and the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx product option(s) you have selected. If you make a partial payment of the total amount due, Medica will first apply your payment to your medical coverage. Any remaining amount will be applied to the optional rider(s). If your premiums are not made current on the Wisconsin Rider, you will be disenrolled from this Rider at the end of the grace period.

**Ending Your Coverage:** To find out more about how to end your coverage, see the Chapter titled, "Ending your membership in the plan" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC. You may submit your request to end coverage under the Wisconsin Rider at any time during the year. Please be aware that your disenrollment will be effective the first of the month following the receipt of your request. Ending your coverage under the Wisconsin Rider does NOT affect coverage of any benefits under the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC.

**Enrollment:** To find out more about how to enroll in this Rider, see the Chapter titled, "Getting started as a member" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC. Medica restricts the periods when members may enroll in the Wisconsin Rider. These periods include when a member first enrolls in Medica Prime Solution or during the annual enrollment period. For the plan year 2024 this period is from October 15<sup>th</sup> through December 7<sup>th</sup>, 2023. A new member has 30 days after their initial enrollment effective date to enroll in the Wisconsin Rider.



**Appeals and Grievances:** Medicare Appeal and Grievance procedures apply to the Wisconsin Rider. To find out more about these procedures, please see the Chapter titled, "What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC.

**If you have questions about any of the information in this Rider, you may call Medica Member Services at the telephone numbers shown on page one of this document.**

Many words used in this Rider have special meanings. These words are defined for you in the Chapter titled, "Definitions of important words" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC. Use these definitions to best understand this Rider. The following defined word is to be included as an addition to that Chapter.

**Investigative\*:** As determined by Medica, a drug, device, diagnostic or screening procedure, or medical treatment or procedure is investigative if reliable evidence does not permit conclusions concerning its safety, effectiveness or effect on health outcomes. Medica will make its determination based upon an examination of the following reliable evidence, none of which shall be determinative in and of itself:

1. Whether there is final approval from the appropriate government regulatory agency, if required, including whether the drug or device has received final approval to be marketed for its proposed use by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA), or whether the treatment is the subject of ongoing Phase I, II or III trials;
2. Whether there are consensus opinions and recommendations reported in relevant scientific and medical literature, peer-reviewed journals or the reports of clinical trial committees and other technology assessment bodies; and
3. Whether there are consensus opinions of national and local health care **providers** in the applicable specialty or subspecialty that typically manages the condition as determined by a survey or poll of a representative sampling of these **providers**.

\*Notwithstanding the above definition, a drug being used for an indication or at a dosage that is an accepted off-label use for the treatment of cancer will not be considered by Medica to be **investigative**. Medica will determine if a use is an accepted off-label use based on published reports in authoritative peer-reviewed medical literature, clinical practice guidelines or parameters approved by national health professional boards or associations and entries in the following drug compendia: *The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information* and the *United States Pharmacopeia Dispensing Information*.

**The following benefits comprise the Wisconsin Rider.**

This is an optional supplemental benefits rider as defined by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) standards and benefits. They are available even when Medicare does not cover the claim.

**Skilled Nursing Facility Services**

This Rider provides coverage for 30 days of skilled nursing care that is not covered by Medicare (per Medicare benefit period). No prior hospital stay is required, but the services must be medically necessary, as certified by your attending network provider every seven days. The facility must be a licensed skilled care nursing facility and a network provider.

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services in-network:</b>
Copayment amounts for all Medicare covered stays at a skilled nursing facility approved for coverage under your Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx plan.	\$0 copayment
30 days of skilled nursing facility care that is not covered by Medicare (per Medicare benefit period).	\$0 copayment

**Skilled nursing facility services, supplies, and associated expenses NOT Covered:**

1. Custodial supportive care and other non-skilled services.
2. Self-care or self-help training (non-medical).
3. Private room except for conditions of pre-eclampsia, radium implants, contagion, or immunosuppression that require isolation, as determined by Medica.
4. There may be additional exclusions from coverage listed in the EOC. These can be found in the Chapter titled, "Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC.
5. Investigative drugs and Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

### **Additional Home Health Care Services**

This Rider provides coverage for up to 365 home care visits per calendar year. The 365 visits include those paid by Medicare.

Home care services include:

1. Part-time or intermittent home nursing care provided or supervised by a registered nurse;
2. Part-time or intermittent home health aide services supervised by a registered nurse or medical social worker and which consist solely of caring for the patient;
3. Physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, or respiratory care;
4. Medical supplies prescribed by a physician, and laboratory services provided by or on behalf of a hospital, if the services and supplies would be covered if the patient were hospitalized;
5. Nutrition counseling provided or supervised by a registered or certified dietitian; and
6. Evaluation of the need for home care and development of a home care plan by a registered nurse, physician extender, or medical social worker, when approved or requested by the attending physician.

Coverage is limited to cases where hospitalization or skilled nursing facility confinement would be necessary if home care were not provided, and the necessary care cannot be provided by immediate family members without undue hardship to the patient's family. Only state licensed or Medicare-certified home health agencies that are part of the Medica Prime Solution network are covered. The home health care services do not have to satisfy current Medicare guidelines in order to be covered under this Rider. Each consecutive 4-hour period within 24 hours will be considered one visit. You must obtain prior approval for Home Health Care Services.

<b>Services that are covered for you</b>	<b>What you must pay when you get these services in-network:</b>
365 home care visits per calendar year. This is a combined benefit of Medicare and non-Medicare-covered services.	\$0 copayment

**Home Health Care services, supplies, and associated expenses NOT covered:**

1. Companion and housekeeping services.
2. Services provided by a member of your family.
3. Custodial supportive care and other non-skilled services.
4. Home health care and supplies for ventilator-dependent members unless a skilled nursing facility bed is not available. Refer to the Chapter titled, "Using the plan for your medical services" in the Medica Prime Solution Total or Total w/Rx EOC for more information.
5. Services primarily educational in nature.
6. Vocational and job rehabilitation.
7. Recreational therapy.
8. Self-care and self-help training (non-medical).
9. Correction of speech impediments (stuttering or lisps) and assistance in the development of verbal clarity.
10. Voice training and voice therapy.
11. Outpatient rehabilitation services when no medical diagnosis related to the rehabilitation need is present.
12. There may be additional exclusions from coverage listed in the EOC. These can be found in the Chapter titled, "Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)" in the Medica Prime Total Solution or Total w/Rx EOC.



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**Medica Prime Solution® Focus and Medica Prime Solution® Total Member Services**

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	<b>1 (800) 234-8755</b> Calls to this number are free. We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
<b>TTY</b>	<b>711</b> This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. We are available from Oct. 1 – March 31, 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, 7 days a week and April 1 – Sept. 30 from 8 a.m. – 9 p.m. CT, Monday – Friday.
<b>FAX</b>	<b>(952) 992-3660</b>
<b>WRITE</b>	Medica Member Services Route CP520 PO Box 9310 Minneapolis, MN 55440 <a href="http://Medica.com/Forms">Medica.com/Forms</a>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://Medica.com/Members">Medica.com/Members</a>

**Wisconsin Board on Aging & Long Term Care**

Wisconsin State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Wisconsin State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	<b>1 (800) 242-1060 (toll-free)</b>
<b>TTY</b>	<b>711</b> This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	Wisconsin Board on Aging & Long Term Care 1402 Pankratz Street Suite 111 Madison, WI 53704
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm">www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm</a>